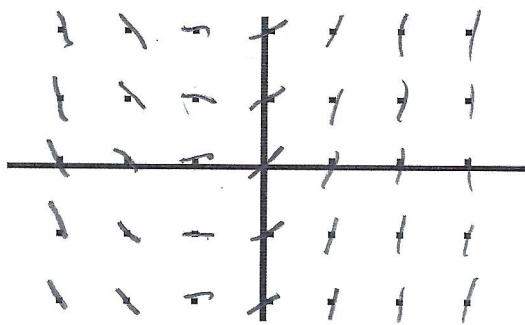


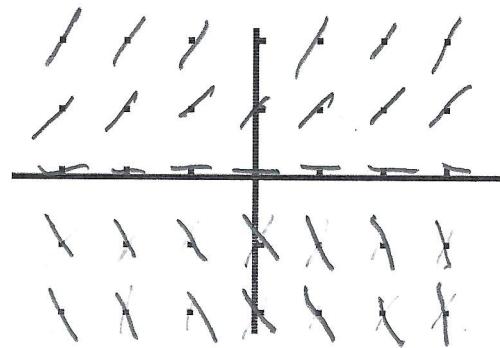
## SLOPE FIELDS

Draw a slope field for each of the following differential equations.

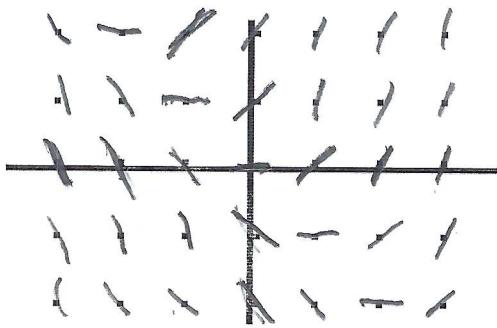
1.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = x + 1$



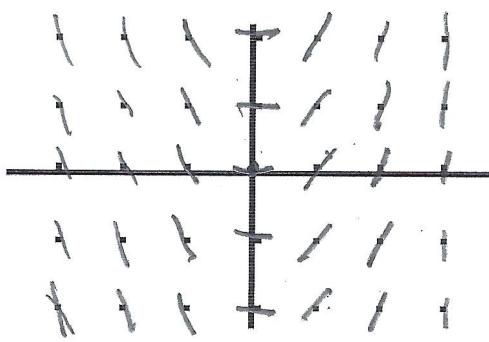
2.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = 2y$



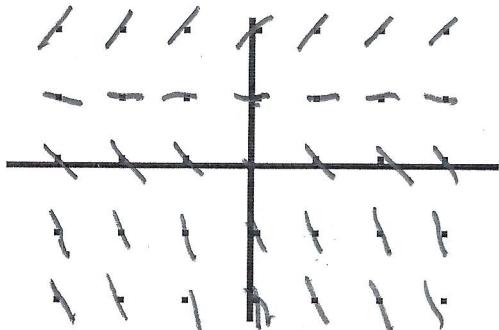
3.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y$



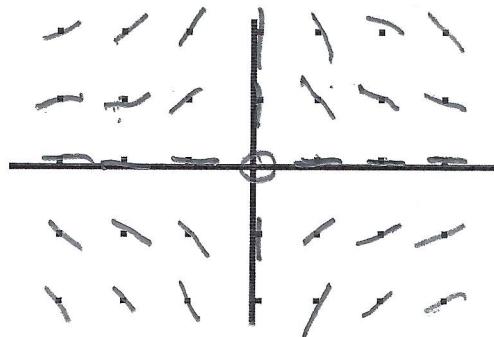
4.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = 2x$



5.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = y - 1$

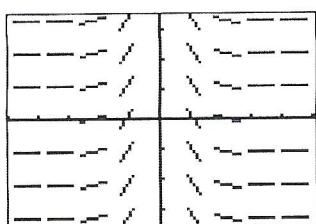


6.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{y}{x}$

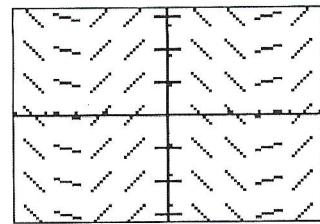


Match each slope field with the equation that the slope field could represent.

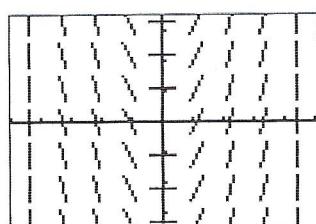
(A)



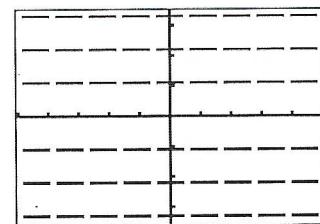
(B)



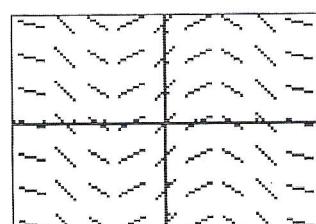
(C)



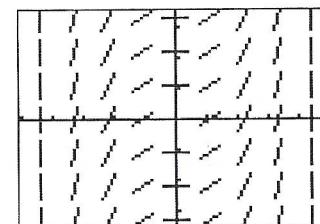
(D)



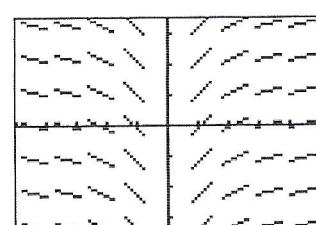
(E)



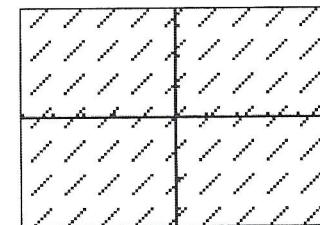
(F)



(G)



(H)



7.  $y = 1$  **D**

11.  $y = \frac{1}{x^2}$  **A**

8.  $y = x$  **H**

12.  $y = \sin x$  **E**

9.  $y = x^2$  **C**

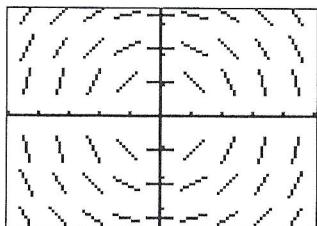
13.  $y = \cos x$  **B**

10.  $y = \frac{1}{6}x^3$  **F**

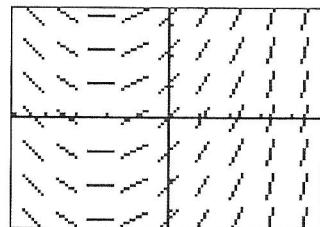
14.  $y = \ln|x|$  **G**

Match the slope fields with their differential equations.

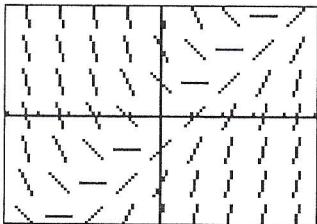
(A)



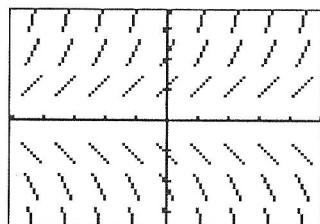
(B)



(C)



(D)



**(B)** 15.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{2}x + 1$   $y = \frac{x^2}{4} + x + C$

17.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = x - y$  Not Separable **(C)**

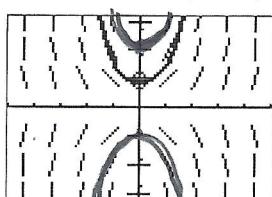
**(P)** 16.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = y$   $\int \frac{dy}{y} = \int dx$   
 $\ln|y| = x + C$   $|y| = e^{x+C}$

18.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{x}{y}$   $\frac{y}{x} dy = -\int x dx$   $\frac{y^2}{x^2} = -\frac{x^2}{2} + C$  **(A)**

19. The calculator drawn slope field for the differential equation  $\frac{dy}{dx} = xy$  is shown in

the figure below. The solution curve passing through the point  $(0, 1)$  is also shown.

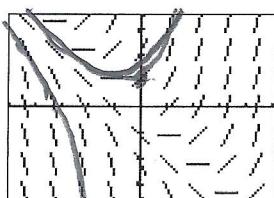
- (a) Sketch the solution curve through the point  $(0, 2)$ .  
(b) Sketch the solution curve through the point  $(0, -1)$ .



$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{dy}{y} &= \int x dx \\ |\ln|y|| &= \frac{x^2}{2} + C \\ |y| &= Ae^{x^2/2} \end{aligned}$$

20. The calculator drawn slope field for the differential equation  $\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y$  is shown in the figure below.

- (a) Sketch the solution curve through the point  $(0, 1)$ .  
(b) Sketch the solution curve through the point  $(-3, 0)$ .



↑ probably an asymptote  
for any solution

