- SHOW ALL YOUR WORK. REMEMBER THAT PROGRAM SEGMENTS ARE TO BE WRITTEN IN JAVA.
 - Assume that the classes listed in the Java Quick Reference have been imported where
 - Unless otherwise noted in the question, assume that parameters in method calls are not null and that methods are called only when their preconditions are satisfied.
 - In writing solutions for each question, you may use any of the accessible methods that are listed in classes defined in that question. Writing significant amounts of code that can be replaced by a call to one of these methods will not receive full credit.

This question involves the creation and use of a spinner to generate random numbers in a game. A GameSpinner object represents a spinner with a given number of sectors, all equal in size. The GameSpinner class supports the following behaviors.

- Creating a new spinner with a specified number of sectors
- · Spinning a spinner and reporting the result
- Reporting the length of the current run, the number of consecutive spins that are the same as the most recent spin

The following table contains a sample code execution sequence and the corresponding results.

Statements	Value Returned (blank if no value returned)	Comment
<pre>GameSpinner g = new GameSpinner(4);</pre>		Creates a new spinner with four sectors
g.currentRun();	0	Returns the length of the current run. The length of the current run is initially 0 because no spins have occurred.
g.spin();	3	Returns a random integer between 1 and 4, inclusive. In this case, 3 is returned.
g.currentRun();	1	The length of the current run is 1 because there has been one spin of 3 so far.
g.spin();	3	Returns a random integer between 1 and 4, inclusive. In this case, 3 is returned.
g.currentRun();	2	The length of the current run is 2 because there have been two 3s in a row.
g.spin();	4	Returns a random integer between 1 and 4, inclusive. In this case, 4 is returned.
g.currentRun();	1	The length of the current run is 1 because the spin of 4 is different from the value of the spin in the previous run of two 3s.
g.spin();	3	Returns a random integer between 1 and 4, inclusive. In this case, 3 is returned.
g.currentRun();	1	The length of the current run is 1 because the spin of 3 is different from the value of the spin in the previous run of one 4.
g.spin();	1	Returns a random integer between 1 and 4, inclusive. In this case, 1 is returned.
g.spin();	1	Returns a random integer between 1 and 4, inclusive. In this case, 1 is returned.
g.spin();	1	Returns a random integer between 1 and 4, inclusive. In this case, 1 is returned.
g.currentRun();	3	The length of the current run is 3 because there have been three consecutive 1s since the previous run of one 3.

Write the complete GameSpinner class. Your implementation must meet all specifications and conform to the example.



 $|\mathcal{O}|$ Please respond on separate paper, following directions from your teacher.



GameSpinner class

Select a point value to view scoring criteria, solutions, and/or examples and to score the response. +1 indicates a point earned and -1 indicates a general or question-specific penalty.

- +1 [Skill 3.B] Declares all appropriate private instance variables
- +1 [Skill 3.B] Declares method headers: public int spin() and public int currentRun()
- +1 [Skill 3.B] Declares header: GameSpinner (int __) (must not be private)
- **+1** [Skill 3.B] Constructor initializes instance variable for number of sectors using parameter. Instance variables for previous spin and length of current run initialized correctly when declared or in constructor with default values.

Responses still earn the point even if they...

- · declare instance variables incorrectly.
- +1 [Skill 3.A] Computes random integer [1, number of sectors]
- +1 [Skill 3.C] Compares new spin and last spin to determine required updates to state

Responses still earn the point even if they...

- · use an incorrectly computed random integer for new spin; or
- · incorrectly declare the instance variable intended to store last spin.
- **+1** [Skill 3.C] Updates instance variable that represents length of current run appropriately if new spin and previous spin are the same

Responses still earn the point even if they...

- · incorrectly compare new spin and last spin.
- **+1** [Skill 3.C] Updates previous spin and length of current run appropriately when new spin differs from the previous spin

Responses still earn the point even if they...

· incorrectly compare new spin and last spin.

AP Computer Science A Scoring Guide

Q0416

+1 [Skill 3.B] currentRun returns updated instance variable value

Responses still earn the point even if they...

- · incorrectly update instance variables in the spin method.
- -1 (w) Extraneous code that causes side-effect (e.g., printing to output, incorrect precondition check)
- -1 (x) Local variables used but none declared
- -1 (z) Void method or constructor that returns a value

Canonical Solution:

0

```
public class GameSpinner
   private int sectors;
   private int previousSpin = 0;
   private int currentLength = 0;
   public GameSpinner(int s)
      sectors = s;
   public int spin()
      int newSpin = (int) (Math.random() * sectors)
                    + 1;
      if (newSpin == previousSpin)
         currentLength++;
      else
         previousSpin = newSpin;
         currentLength = 1;
      return newSpin;
   }
   public int currentRun()
      return currentLength;
}
```

5

4

6

7

9

Total number of points earned (minus penalties) is equal to 9.

3

2

1

8

+1 Declares all appropriate private instance variables (points earned)
+1 Declares method headers: public int spin() and public int currentRun() (points earned)
+1 Declares header: GameSpinner (int) (must not be private) (points earned)
+1 Constructor initializes instance variable for number of sectors using parameter. Instance variables for previous spin and length of current run initialized correctly when declared or in constructor with default values. (points earned)
+1 Computes random integer [1, number of sectors] (points earned)
+1 Compares new spin and last spin to determine required updates to state (points earned)
+1 Updates instance variable that represents length of current run appropriately if new spin and previous spin are the same (points earned)
+1 Updates previous spin and length of current run appropriately when new spin differs from the previous spin (points earned)
+1 currentRun returns updated instance variable value (points earned)
-1 [penalty] (w) Extraneous code that causes side-effect (e.g., printing to output, incorrect precondition check) (General penalties)
-1 [penalty] (x) Local variables used but none declared (General penalties)
-1 [penalty] (z) Void method or constructor that returns a value (General penalties)

Canonical Solution:

```
public class GameSpinner
  private int sectors;
  private int previousSpin = 0;
  private int currentLength = 0;
  public GameSpinner(int s)
      sectors = s;
  public int spin()
      int newSpin = (int) (Math.random() * sectors)
                    + 1;
      if (newSpin == previousSpin)
         currentLength++;
      else
         previousSpin = newSpin;
         currentLength = 1;
      return newSpin;
   public int currentRun()
      return currentLength;
}
```